HUBER LARGE CAP VALUE FUND

Investor Class (HUDIX)

Institutional Class (HUDEX)

SUMMARY PROSPECTUS

February 28, 2024

Before you invest, you may want to review the Huber Large Cap Value Fund's (the "Large Cap Value Fund" or the "Fund") Statutory Prospectus and Statement of Additional Information ("SAI"), which contain more information about the Fund and its risks. The current Statutory Prospectus and SAI dated February 28, 2024, are incorporated by reference into this Summary Prospectus. You can find the Large Cap Value Fund's Statutory Prospectus, SAI, reports to shareholders and other information about the Fund online at http://hubercap.com/content.php?pageid=12&page=mutual. You can also get this information at no cost by calling the Fund toll-free at 888-HUBERCM (888-482-3726) or by sending an e-mail request to FundInfo@hubercap.com.

Investment Objective

The Huber Large Cap Value Fund (the "Large Cap Value Fund") seeks to achieve current income and capital appreciation.

Fees and Expenses of the Fund

This table describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy, hold, and sell Investor Class shares and Institutional Class shares of the Large Cap Value Fund. You may pay other fees, such as brokerage commissions and other fees to financial intermediaries, which are not reflected in the tables and examples below.

	Investor Class	Institutional Class	
SHAREHOLDER FEES (fees paid directly from your investment)			
Redemption Fee (as a percentage of amount redeemed on shares held 60 days or less)	1.00%	1.00%	
ANNUAL FUND OPERATING EXPENSES (expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)			
Management Fees ¹	0.00%	0.00%	
Distribution and Service (Rule 12b-1) Fees ²	0.25%	0.00%	
Other Expenses (includes Shareholder Servicing Plan Fee)	2.34%	2.19%	
Shareholder Servicing Plan Fee ²	<u>0.15%</u>	<u>0.00%</u>	
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses	2.59%	2.19%	
Less: Fee Waiver and/or Expense Reimbursement ³	<u>-1.44%</u>	<u>-1.44%</u>	
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses After Fee Waiver and/or Expense Reimbursement	<u>1.15%</u>	<u>0.75%</u>	

¹ Huber Capital Management, LLC (the "Adviser") has voluntarily agreed to reduce the Fund's management fee, from 0.75% to 0.00%, through at least February 28, 2025. The Adviser cannot recoup these amounts.

² Each class of the Large Cap Value Fund may accrue up to 0.25% in "Distribution and Service (Rule 12b-1) Fees" of the average daily net assets and may accrue up to 0.15% in "Shareholder Servicing Plan Fee" of the average daily net assets. However, accrual for the Fund's Institutional Class shares is currently set at 0.00% through at least February 28, 2025, and any accrual increase must first be approved by the Board of Trustees (the "Board"). Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses above reflect the maximum Rule 12b-1 fee and/or Shareholder Servicing Plan fee allowed while the Expense Ratios in the Financial Highlights reflect actual expenses.

³ The Adviser has contractually agreed to waive all or a portion of its management fees and pay expenses of the Large Cap Value Fund to ensure that Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses (excluding AFFE, interest expense, taxes, extraordinary expenses, Rule 12b-1 fees and any other class-specific expenses) do not exceed 0.75% of the average daily net assets of the Fund (the "Expense Cap"). The Expense Cap will remain in effect through at least February 28, 2025, and may be terminated only by the Trust's Board. The Adviser may request recoupment of previously waived fees and paid expenses pursuant to the contract from the Fund for 36 months from the date they were waived or paid, subject to the Expense Cap at the time such amounts were waived or at the time of recoupment, whichever is lower.

Example. This Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Large Cap Value Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods

indicated and then redeem all of your shares at the end of those periods. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund's operating expenses remain the same (taking into account the Expense Cap only in the first year). Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:

	<u>1 Year</u>	<u>3 Years</u>	<u>5 Years</u>	<u> 10 Years</u>
Investor Class	\$117	\$668	\$1,246	\$2,817
Institutional Class	\$77	\$546	\$1,042	\$2,410

Portfolio Turnover. The Large Cap Value Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual fund operating expenses or in the example, affect the Fund's performance. During the most recent fiscal year, the Fund's portfolio turnover rate was 33.77% of the average value of its portfolio.

Principal Investment Strategies

The Large Cap Value Fund normally invests at least 80% of its net assets (plus borrowings for investment purposes) in common stocks of large capitalization U.S. companies ("large cap companies"). The Fund looks for companies whose stocks are considered by the Adviser to be undervalued. The Adviser currently considers large cap companies to be those with market capitalizations in the range of those found in the Bloomberg US 1000 Value Index, although the portfolio will generally consist of stocks with a market capitalization of \$5 billion or above at time of initial purchase. The market capitalization range of the Bloomberg US 1000 Value Index changes constantly, but as of January 31, 2024, the market capitalization range was between \$362.3 million and \$832.6 billion. Market capitalization is measured at the time of initial purchase. The Fund also normally invests in stocks with high cash dividends or payout yields relative to the market. Payout yield refers to dividend yield (the yield from dividends paid) plus buyback yield (the yield associated with a company buying back its own shares to reduce the number of shares on the market, thereby increasing the earnings per share for the remaining shares). While the Large Cap Value Fund is diversified, the Fund may hold a higher concentration in certain issuers.

The Large Cap Value Fund may also make investments in securities of non-U.S. issuers ("foreign securities"), including issuers in emerging markets. The Fund will invest primarily in domestic U.S. securities but reserves the right to invest up to 20% of its net assets in American Depositary Receipts ("ADRs"), dollar-denominated foreign securities, or directly in foreign securities. Should appropriate investment opportunities be available, the Fund may invest in initial public offerings ("IPOs") but not in an amount that exceeds 50% of the Fund's total assets. Additionally, the Fund may invest in Rule 144A and other restricted equity securities but not in an amount that exceeds 15% of the Fund's total assets. From time to time, the Fund may be invested in securities of companies in the same economic sector. As of October 31, 2023, 25.2% of the Fund's total investments were invested in the technology sector.

The Adviser employs a value investing style, investing in stocks which, in the Adviser's opinion, trade at a significant discount to the present value of future cash flows. The Adviser attempts to identify out-of-favor stocks that represent solid fundamental value. The Adviser identifies these investment opportunities by employing a disciplined, bottom-up investment process that emphasizes internally generated fundamental research. The process includes an initial review, indepth analysis, and employment of the Adviser's proprietary valuation methodology. The Fund strives for tax efficiency which may include tax loss harvesting (*i.e.*, periodically selling positions that have depreciated in value to realize capital losses that can be used to offset capital gains realized by the Fund) and other tools at the Adviser's disposal.

Principal Risks

Losing all or a portion of your investment is a risk of investing in the Large Cap Value Fund. The following additional risks could affect the value of your investment:

• General Market Risk. Economies and financial markets throughout the world are becoming increasingly interconnected, which increases the likelihood that events or conditions in one country or region will adversely impact markets or issuers in other countries or regions. Securities in the Fund's portfolio may underperform in comparison to securities in general financial markets, a particular financial market or other asset classes due to a number of factors, including: inflation (or expectations for inflation); interest rates; global demand for particular products or resources; natural disasters or events; pandemic diseases; terrorism; regulatory events; and government controls. U.S. and

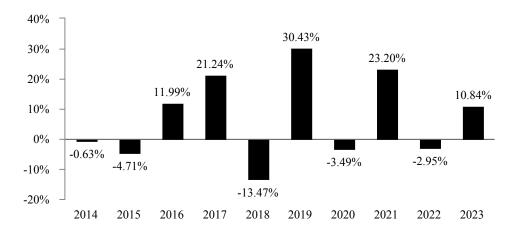
international markets have experienced significant periods of volatility in recent years and months due to a number of economic, political and global macro factors, which has resulted in disruptions to business operations and supply chains, stress on the global healthcare system, growth concerns in the U.S. and overseas, staffing shortages and the inability to meet consumer demand, and widespread concern and uncertainty. Continuing uncertainties regarding interest rates, rising inflation, political events, rising government debt in the U.S. and trade tensions also contribute to market volatility. Conflict, loss of life and disaster connected to ongoing armed conflict between Ukraine and Russia in Europe and Israel and Hamas in the Middle East could have severe adverse effects on the region, including significant adverse effects on the regional or global economies and the markets for certain securities. The U.S. and the European Union imposed sanctions on certain Russian individuals and companies, including certain financial institutions, and have limited certain exports and imports to and from Russia. The war has contributed to recent market volatility and may continue to do so.

- *Equity Securities Risk.* The price of equity securities may rise or fall because of economic or political changes or changes in a company's financial condition, sometimes rapidly or unpredictably. These price movements may result from factors affecting individual companies, sectors or industries selected for the Large Cap Value Fund's portfolio or the securities market as a whole, such as changes in economic or political conditions.
- Foreign and Emerging Market Securities Risk. Investments in foreign currencies and foreign issuers are subject to additional risks, including political and economic risks, greater volatility, civil conflicts and war, sanctions or other measures by the United States or other governments, liquidity risks, currency fluctuations, higher transaction costs, delayed settlement, possible foreign controls on investment, expropriation and nationalization risks, and less stringent investor protection and disclosure standards of foreign markets. Events and evolving conditions in certain economies or markets may alter the risks associated with investments tied to countries or regions that historically were perceived as comparatively stable becoming riskier and more volatile. These risks are magnified in countries in "emerging markets." Emerging market countries typically have less-established market economies than developed countries and may face greater social, economic, regulatory and political uncertainties. In addition, emerging markets and greater difficulty in determining market valuations of securities due to limited public information on issuers.
- *ADR Risk.* Investments in ADRs are subject to many of the same risks that are associated with direct investments in foreign securities. In addition, ADRs may not track the price of the underlying foreign securities, and their value may change materially at times when the U.S. markets are not open for trading.
- *Large-Sized Company Risk.* Larger, more established companies may be unable to respond quickly to new competitive challenges like changes in consumer tastes or innovative smaller competitors. In addition, large-cap companies are sometimes unable to attain the high growth rates of successful, smaller companies, especially during extended periods of economic expansion.
- *Initial Public Offering Risk.* The risk exists that the market value of IPO shares will fluctuate considerably due to factors such as the absence of a prior public market, unseasoned trading, the small number of shares available for trading and limited information about the issuer. The purchase of IPO shares may involve high transaction costs. IPO shares are subject to market risk and liquidity risk. When the Large Cap Value Fund's asset base is small, a significant portion of the Fund's performance could be attributable to investments in IPOs, because such investments would have a magnified impact on the Fund. As the Fund's assets grow, the effect of the Fund's investments in IPOs on the Fund's performance probably will decline, which could reduce the Fund's performance.
- *Management Risk.* The Large Cap Value Fund is an actively managed investment portfolio and the Fund relies on the Adviser's ability to pursue the Fund's goal. The Adviser will apply its investment techniques and risk analyses in making investment decisions for the Fund, but there can be no guarantee that its decisions will produce the desired results.
- *Value Style Investing Risk.* The Large Cap Value Fund emphasizes a "value" style of investing, which targets undervalued companies with characteristics for improved valuations. This style of investing is subject to the risk that the valuations never improve or that the returns on "value" securities may not move in tandem with the returns on other styles of investing or the stock market in general.
- Sector Emphasis Risk. The securities of companies in the same or related businesses, if comprising a significant portion of the Large Cap Value Fund's portfolio, could react in some circumstances negatively to market conditions, interest rates and economic, regulatory or fiscal developments and adversely affect the value of the portfolio to a greater extent than if such business comprised a lesser portion of the Fund's portfolio.

- *Technology Sector Risk*: Technology, hardware and services companies can be significantly affected by competitive pressures, aggressive pricing, technological developments, changing domestic demand, the ability to attract and retain skilled employees and availability and price of components. The market for products produced by these companies is characterized by rapidly changing technology, rapid product obsolescence, cyclical market patterns, evolving industry standards and frequent new product introductions. The success of technology hardware companies depends in substantial part on the timely and successful introduction of new products. An unexpected change in one or more of the technologies affecting an issuer's products or in the market for products based on a particular technology could have a material adverse effect on a participant's operating results.
- *Rule 144A Securities Risk.* The market for Rule 144A securities typically is less active than the market for publicly-traded securities. Rule 144A securities carry the risk that the liquidity of these securities may become impaired, making it more difficult for the Large Cap Value Fund to sell these securities.
- *Focus Risk.* At such times the Large Cap Value Fund holds the securities of a small number of issuers, it may be more exposed to the risks associated with and developments affecting an individual issuer or a smaller number of issuers than a fund that invests more widely. This may increase the Large Cap Value Fund's volatility and cause the performance of a relatively smaller number of issuers to have a greater impact on the Fund's performance.

Performance

The following performance information indicates some of the risks of investing in the Large Cap Value Fund. The bar chart shows the annual returns for the Fund's Investor Class shares from year to year. The table shows how the Fund's average annual returns for the 1-year, 5-years, 10-years and since inception periods compare with those of broad measures of market performance. The Fund's past performance, before and after taxes, is not necessarily an indication of how the Fund will perform in the future. The Fund's past performance benefited from IPOs of certain issuers. To the extent the Fund's historical performance resulted from gains derived from participation in IPOs and secondary offerings, there is no guarantee that these results can be replicated or that the Fund will be able to participate to the same degree in IPO and secondary offerings in the future. Updated performance information is available on the Fund's website at www.hubercap.com or by calling the Fund toll free at 888-HUBERCM (888-482-3726).



Large Cap Value Fund, Investor Class Calendar Year Total Return as of December 31

During the period of time shown in the bar chart, the Large Cap Value Fund's highest quarterly return was 16.85% for the quarter ended December 31, 2020, and the lowest quarterly return was -24.68% for the quarter ended March 31, 2020.

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Average Annual Total Returns (For the periods ended December 31, 2023)				Since Inception
	<u>1 Year</u>	<u>5 Years</u>	<u> 10 Years</u>	<u>(12/31/2012)</u>
Investor Class				
Return Before Taxes	10.84%	10.78%	6.38%	8.64%
Return After Taxes on Distributions	10.43%	10.42%	6.04%	7.97%
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares	6.69%	8.54%	5.07%	6.82%
Institutional Class				
Return Before Taxes	11.11%	10.99%	6.63%	8.92%
Bloomberg US 1000 Value Index	9.37%	11.74%	8.95%	10.91%
((reflects no deduction for fees, expenses or taxes))				
S&P 500 [®] Index	26.29%	15.69%	12.03%	13.75%
(reflects no deduction for fees, expenses or taxes)				

After-tax returns are calculated using the historical highest individual federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. Actual after-tax returns depend on your situation and may differ from those shown. Furthermore, the after-tax returns shown are not relevant to those who hold their shares through tax-deferred arrangements such as 401(k) plans or individual retirement accounts ("IRAs"). After-tax returns are shown only for the Investor Class; after-tax returns for the Institutional Class will vary to the extent it has different expenses.

Management

Investment Adviser. Huber Capital Management, LLC is the Large Cap Value Fund's investment adviser.

Portfolio Manager. Joseph Huber, Chief Executive Officer and Chief Investment Officer of the Adviser, is primarily responsible for the day-to-day management of the Large Cap Value Fund's portfolio. Mr. Huber has managed the Fund since its inception in 2012.

Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares

You may purchase, exchange or redeem Large Cap Value Fund shares on any business day by written request via mail (Huber Large Cap Value Fund, c/o U.S. Bank Global Fund Services, P.O. Box 701, Milwaukee, Wisconsin 53201-0701), by telephone at 888-HUBERCM (888-482-3726), or through a financial intermediary. You may also purchase or redeem Fund shares by wire transfer. Investors who wish to purchase, exchange or redeem Fund shares through a financial intermediary should contact the financial intermediary directly. The minimum initial and subsequent investment amounts are shown below.

Type of Account	To Open Your Account	To Add to Your Account
Investor Class		
Regular	\$5,000	\$100
Retirement Accounts	\$2,500	\$100
Institutional Class	\$1,000,000	\$5,000

Tax Information

The Large Cap Value Fund's distributions are taxable, and will be taxed as ordinary income or capital gains, unless you invest through a tax-deferred arrangement, such as a 401(k) plan or an IRA. Distributions on investments made through tax-deferred arrangements may be taxed later upon withdrawal of assets from those accounts.

Payments to Broker-Dealers and Other Financial Intermediaries

If you purchase Large Cap Value Fund shares through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary, the Fund and/or the Adviser may pay the intermediary for the sale of Fund shares and related services. These payments may create conflicts of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or other intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your adviser or visit your financial intermediary's website for more information.